# INFORMATIVA SULL'IMPLEMENTAZIONE DELLA LISTA DELLE SOSTANZE SOGGETTE A RESTRIZIONE NEI PROCESSI PRODUTTIVI (MRSL)

### Oggetto

Bottega Veneta e il Gruppo Kering si impegnano ad assicurare che tutte le sostanze chimiche elencate nelle liste riportate nel presente allegato:

- Kering MRSL V. 2.0
- Kering MRSL V. 3.0 (se non diversamente specificato, Kering MRSL V. 2.0 e
   Kering MRSL V. 3.0 verranno congiuntamente denominate "Manufacturing Restricted Substances List" o "MRSL")

e potenzialmente presenti nei prodotti chimici (intendendosi per prodotto chimico qualsiasi prodotto contenente sostanze chimiche, qui di seguito "Prodotti Chimici") siano eliminate da qualsiasi fase dei processi produttivi di tutti i prodotti Kering (tessili, in pelle, in gomma, in schiuma, adesivi) nel settore tessile, dell'abbigliamento, del c.d. 'non-apparel' e della calzatura ("Processi Produttivi").

Più precisamente, al SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE (come rilevante) si richiede di rispettare:

- fino alla data del 31 Dicembre 2023, la Kering MRSL V. 2.0,
- a far data dal 1° Gennaio 2024, i requisiti aggiuntivi stabiliti dalla Kering MRSL V. 3.0,

La Kering MRSL include e si allinea alla ZDHC MRSL (disponibile al seguente link: ZDHC MRSL), come di volta in volta aggiornata da ZDHC. Qualsiasi ulteriore aggiornamento della Kering MRSL adottato da KERING sarà condiviso con il SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE. A seguito di nuovi aggiornamenti della MRSL, anche da parte di ZDHC, il SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE dovrà attivarsi immediatamente per rispettare i nuovi requisiti MRSL entro la fine del periodo di transizione stabilito da Kering o da ZDHC.

Tutte le sostanze chimiche elencate nella MRSL non devono essere intenzionalmente utilizzate nei Processi Produttivi, fatta salva la presenza fisiologica di impurità o tracce minime delle suddette sostanze la cui quantità non potrà in ogni caso superare i limiti indicati nella MRSL.

### Implementazione MRSL

Il SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE deve implementare un sistema di gestione e verificare la propria filiera a monte per garantire la conformità alla Kering MRSL.

- 1) Il SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE dovrà adottare un sistema di gestione delle sostanze chimiche che:
- preveda l'identificazione di un dipendente del SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE come principale persona di riferimento responsabile dell'implementazione del sistema di gestione;

- garantisca l'uso e l'acquisto di Prodotti Chimici non contenenti le sostanze chimiche elencate in MRSL oltre i limiti in essa indicati ("**Prodotti Chimici Conformi**"), almeno per quanto riguarda Prodotti Chimici utilizzati nei Processi Produttivi;
- preveda la verifica preventiva dei Prodotti Chimici acquistati, ovvero la verifica della provenienza e della composizione chimica attraverso le schede tecniche e di sicurezza e ulteriore documentazione fornita dai fornitori di prodotti chimici. A tal fine, si dovranno conservare le copie delle schede tecniche e di sicurezza di tutti i Prodotti Chimici e la documentazione di conformità dei Prodotti Chimici alla MRSL:
- preveda la condivisione della Kering MRSL con i propri fornitori e sub fornitori e la richiesta e il monitoraggio della relativa implementazione, nonché la risoluzione del rapporto con i propri fornitori e sub fornitori che rifiutino di conformarsi a quanto stabilito nel presente allegato.

Resta inteso che Bottega Veneta potrà chiedere in qualsiasi momento al SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE ogni tipo d'informazione relativamente al sistema di gestione sopra descritto.

- 2) Il SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE dovrà redigere e mantenere un inventario dei Prodotti Chimici utilizzati nei Processi Produttivi, che:
- · documenti tutti i Prodotti Chimici utilizzati nei Processi Produttivi;
- includa, per ogni Prodotto Chimico, informazioni sulla conformità alla MRSL, identificando i prodotti chimici contenenti le sostanze elencate nella MRSL, se presenti. La conformità alla MRSL dovrà essere documentata. I fornitori dovranno richiedere ai propri fornitori di prodotti chimici di fornire adeguata documentazione volta a dimostrare il rispetto della MRSL.

Le informazioni sulla conformità dei Prodotti Chimici e sullo stato di conformità della filiera a monte dovranno essere regolarmente aggiornate e consegnate, su richiesta, a Bottega Veneta.

- 3) Solo i Prodotti Chimici Conformi (pertanto, non contenenti sostanze elencate nella MRSL in concentrazioni maggiori ai limiti in essa indicati) potranno essere utilizzati nei Processi Produttivi.
- Il SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE dovrà predisporre e definire un piano graduale di conformità alla MRSL ('phase-out') al fine di garantire il rispetto della MRSL applicabile di volta in volta. A tale scopo il SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE dovrà richiedere ai propri fornitori di Prodotti Chimici la documentazione necessaria a dimostrare il rispetto della MRSL. Tale piano dovrà poi essere aggiornato almeno due volte l'anno
- 4) Il SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE dovrà conseguire il Level 2 (Progressive o Impact Accelerator level) del programma ZDHC "Supplier to Zero" entro il 31 Dicembre 2025, e mantenere valido il relativo certificato ottenuto per l'intera durata del rapporto commerciale con Bottega Veneta.

Bottega Veneta si riserva in ogni caso il diritto di effettuare dei controlli presso il sito produttivo del SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE per verificarne il sistema di gestione per le sostanze chimiche e la conformità con il contenuto del presente Allegato.

## MRSL KERING V. 2.0

La Kering MRSL V. 2.0, <u>valida fino al 31 Dicembre 2023</u>, è disponibile e scaricabile al seguente link: <u>Kering Vendor Portal</u>.

### MRSL KERING V. 3.0

Il Gruppo Kering ha adottato la ZDHC MRSL V. 3.1 con l'ulteriore divieto di tutte le sostanze chimiche per- e polifluoroalchiliche (PFAS) sia a catena lunga che corta.

Il SUB-FORNITORE/FORNITORE è tenuto a conformarsi alla Kering MRSL V. 3.0 <u>entro il 1° Gennaio 2024.</u>

Kering MRSL V.3.0 - Version November 2023 Manufacturing Restricted Substances List

# PER- AND POLYFLUORALKYL SUBSTANCES (PFAS)\*

\* This list is representative of the most common per- and polyfluoralkyl substances (PFAS), but not comprehensive of all banned per- and polyfluoralkyl substances (PFAS).

Chemical Substance name	CAS Number	Chemical Supplier Commercial Formulation MRSL Limit	
	29420-49-3		
Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid and related substances (PFBS)	59933-66-3	1 ppm	
	749861-23-2		
	2706-91-4		
Perfluoropentane-1-sulfonic acid	3872-25-1	2 ppm	
r emuoropentane-1-sunome acid	630402-22-1	Ζ ρριτι	
	68259-09-6		
Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPA)	2706-90-3	2 ppm	
	3871-99-6		
Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS)	82382-12-15	1 ppm	
	432-50-7		
D. C	17527-29-6	6 4	
Perfluorohexanoic acid related substances	2144-53-8	Sum 1 ppm	
	375-92-8		
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS)	60270-55-5	2 ppm	
	68555-66-8		
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	375-85-9	2 ppm	
	2795-39-3		
	307-35-7		
	29457-72-5		
	29081-56-9	3 22.4	
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS) and related susbstances	70225-14-8	Sum 2 PPM	
	56773-42-3	including PFOS	
	251099-16-8		
	1691-99-2		
	4151-50-2		
	3825-26-1		
	335-95-5		
	2395-00-8		
	335-93-3	1	
	68141-02-6	1	
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and related substances and its salts	98241-25-9	Sum 1 PPM	
	27905-45-9	1	
	678-41-1	1	
	3102-79-2	1	
	40143-78-0	1	
	2043-53-0		
	<del>-</del>	1	

	F07_C2_4	
	507- 63-1	
	39108-34-4	
	376-27-2	
	3108-24-5	
	1996-88-9	
	68259-12-1	
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid (PFNS)	35192-74-6	2 ppm
· ·	29359-39-5	
	17202-41-4	
D (1	375-95-1	
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	21049-39-8	1 ppm
	4149-60-4	
	749786-16-1	
Perfluorodecane sulfonic acid (PFDS)	2806-15-7	1 ppm
, ,	2806-16-8	''
	67906-42-7	
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA), and its salts	3108-42-7	1 ppm
, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	3830-45-3	' '
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnDA)	2058-94-8	1 ppm
	4234-23-5	
Perfluorodecane sulfonic acid	79780-39-5	2 ppm
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA)	307-55-1	1 ppm
Perfluorotridecanesulfonic acid	791563-89-8	2 ppm
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrA)	72629-94-8	1 ppm
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA)	376-06-7	1 ppm
Perfluorohexadecanoic acid	67905-19-5	1 ppm
Perfluoroottadecanoic acid (PFODA)	16517-11-6	1 ppm
Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (PFOSA)	754-91-6	2 ppm
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (4:2 FTS)	757124-72-4	2 ppm
	414911-30-1	- PP
7H-Dodecafluoroheptanoic acid (HPFHpA)	1546-95-8	2 ppm
Perfluoro-3,7-dimethylotanoic acid (PF-3,7- DMOA)	172155-07-6	2 ppm
N-Methyl-perfluorooctane-1-sulphonamide (MeFOSA)	31506-32-8	2 ppm
N-Methylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoethanol	24448-09-7	2 ppm
1H,1H,2H,2H - Perfluorooctanesulphonic acid(1H,1H,2H,2H - PFOS)	27619-97-2	2 ppm
and its salts	425670-75-3	2 μμιτι
2H,2H,3H,3H - Perfluoroundecanoic acid (H4PFU nA)	34598-33-9	2 ppm
1H,1H,2H,2H - Perfluorododecyl acrylate (10:2 FTA)	17741-60-5	2 ppm
Perfluorocyclobutane - C4F8	115-25-3	2 ppm
Dodecafluoropentane - C5 F12	678-26-2	2 ppm
Tetradecafluorohexane - C6 F14	355-42-0	2 ppm
8:2 Fluorotelomer phosphate monoester	57678-03-2	2 ppm
Perfluorooctanoyl fluoride	335-66-0	2 ppm
1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluoro-1-dodecanesulfonate (10:2 FTS)	400000 05 0	2 ppm
111,111,211,211-permuoro-1-dodecariesurioriate (10.2 1 13)	108026-35-3	_ pp
2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propionic acid	13252-13-6	2 ppm

Ammonium 4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoate	958445-44-8	2 ppm
Heptadecafluoro-1-iodooctane	507-63-1	2 ppm
Pefluorohexylethene	25291-17-2	1 ppm



# **Signatory Brands**











































































## **Chemical Industry**









































































































## Solution Provider























































### Textile and Footwear Industry



























































































### **Associates**

































# 1 Background

The ZDHC Manufacturing Restricted Substances List (ZDHC MRSL) is a list of chemical substances banned from intentional use in the processing of textile materials, leather, rubber, foam, adhesives and trims used in textiles, apparel, and footwear industry. Intentional use means the substance used deliberately in a chemical product to achieve a desired look or functionality.

The ZDHC MRSL goes beyond the traditional approaches to chemical restrictions, which only apply to finished products (Restricted Substances List - RSL) and is focused on consumer safety. The MRSL approach also helps protect workers, local communities, and the environment from the possible impacts of harmful chemicals.

Chemical formulations covered by restrictions in the ZDHC MRSL include, but are not limited to, cleaners, adhesives, paints, inks, detergents, dyes, colourants, auxiliaries, coatings and finishing agents used during raw material production, wet processing, process machinery maintenance, wastewater treatment, sanitation, and pest control. ZDHC MRSL limits apply to substances in commercially available formulations, not those from earlier stages of chemical synthesis.

Using chemical formulations that conform to the ZDHC MRSL allows suppliers to assure themselves, and their customers, that banned chemical substances are not intentionally used during production and manufacturing processes.

The ZDHC Roadmap to Zero Programme would like to acknowledge the vital role of the experts comprising the MRSL Council who independently and objectively evaluated the proposed additions/revisions to the ZDHC MRSL V3.1 and made decisions.

# 2 Purpose

The ZDHC MRSL offers brands and suppliers a single, harmonised list of chemical substances banned from intentional use during manufacturing and related processes in supply chains of the textile, apparel, and footwear (including leather, rubber and foam) industries (the Industry).

Version 3.1 applies to textiles, leather, rubber, foam and adhesives. Recognising that these materials use different processes, search filters can be used to search the limits for each material.

The ZDHC MRSL does not replace legal or brand-specific restrictions on harmful substances in materials or finished products.

### 3 NOTES

The ZDHC MRSL 3.1 published by ZDHC Foundation does not guarantee the following:

Compliance with, or to take the place of, legal or regulatory requirements. Examples might include: stricter legal, local or regional regulatory requirements on the use, storage and transport of chemical products; or other requirements relating to the handling and disposal of chemical products, which shall supersede any requirements as set forth in this document.

Compliance with, or conformance to, any national or international environmental or workplace safety requirements, including, but not limited to, relevant regulations and/or standards.

Nor do the ZDHC MRSL 3.1 replace any national or international environmental or workplace safety requirements including, but not limited to, regulations and/ or standards.

The ZDHC MRSL 3.1 is not intended nor can be used as a statement of legal requirements.

ZDHC refers to the UN GHS (Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals) as the internationally recognised standard for hazardous material classification and labelling. All the other National/Regional existing schemes, derived from the implementation of the GHS, have to be considered included in the list of the accepted ZDHC standards for this purpose. To simplify the ZDHC MRSL 3.1 comprehension, ZDHC uses GHS throughout as its reference for Hazard Statements and Pictograms in SDS and labels in order to avoid local variables.

### 4 DISCLAIMERS

ZDHC has made every reasonable effort to make sure that the content and information contained in the ZDHC MRSL 3.1 is as accurate and correct as possible at the time of publication. ZDHC makes no claims, promises, or guarantees about the accuracy, completeness, or adequacy of the contents of this document.

In no event will ZDHC (and/or any related ZDHC majority owned legal entities) or the Directors or staff thereof be liable and ZDHC expressly disclaims any liability of any kind to any party for any loss, damage, or disruption caused:

By errors or omissions, whether such errors or omissions result from negligence, accident, or any other cause and/or:

From any use, decision made or action taken or any other kind of reliance on the ZDHC MRSL 3.1 by a reader or user of it and/or;

For any results obtained or not obtained from the use of the ZDHC MRSL 3.1.

For the avoidance of doubt this Disclaimer applies to all related documents produced by ZDHC, specifically: ZDHC Wastewater Guidelines, ZDHC Sludge Reference Document, ZDHC Wastewater and Sludge Laboratory Sampling and Analysis Plan and ZDHC Wastewater Industry Implementation Approach etc.

# 5 ZDHC MRSL Chapters

### 5.1 Chapter 1: ZDHC MRSL

This applies to chemical formulations and substances used during the creation and wet processing of textile fibres, and during the creation and processing of (coated) fabrics, leather, rubber, foam and adhesives.

The MRSL substances are listed with applicable CAS numbers and provided with Applicability filters for substrates (Textile, Leather, Polymers -Rubber, Foam, Adhesives), Supplier Guidance, Formulation Limit and Methods of Analysis.

Supplier Guidance includes:

- No intentional use: these substances are banned from intentional use in facilities that process raw materials and manufacture finished products
- Not applicable: these substances are not applicable to the specific substrates
- No restriction: these substances are not restricted for the specific substrates

Formulation limits are concentration limits for the substances in commercial chemical formulations available from chemical manufacturers. These limits ban intentional use while allowing for reasonable expected manufacturing impurities, which should be consistently achievable by responsible chemical manufacturers.

Methods of Analysis describe general techniques of testing and wherever available, specific test methods.

In the ZDHC MRSL Table, R,F,A stands for Rubber, Foam and Adhesives.

### 5.2 Chapter 2: ZDHC MRSL Candidate List

Substances proposed for addition to the ZDHC MRSL update, as described in the Principles and Procedures, as they lack safer alternatives at scale or more information on the same needs to be collected. Substances on the Candidate List encourages the innovation of alternatives.

### 5.3 Chapter 3: ZDHC MRSL Archived Substances

Substances without strong evidence of current use in Industry, but with clear evidence of historical use. The Archived Substances should not be reintroduced by a chemical manufacturer in their commercial chemical products. This list should be reviewed by ZDHC Approved MRSL Certifier through the chemical product's Safety Data Sheet or any other relevant document to confirm absence of these substances in the chemical formulation that is being certified for ZDHC MRSL Conformance.

### 6 Process for ZDHC MRSL Revision

The ZDHC MRSL is a living document and since its initial release in 2015 the ZDHC MRSL has been regularly updated. The update process is described here (https://downloads.roadmaptozero.com/input/ZDHC-MRSL-Principles-and-Procedures)

### 7 Transition Period

After the release of a new version of the ZDHC MRSL a transition period applies. This lets the Industry prepare for the implementation of the new version. The current transition period is twelve months, beginning on 01 November 2022. During this time, both versions of the ZDHC MRSL remain active and it's possible to certify against them.

https://downloads.roadmaptozero.com/input/ZDHC-MRSL-Industry-Standard-Implementation-Approach

# 1A. Alkylphenol (AP) and Alkylphenol Ethoxylates (APEOs): including all isomers

Potential Uses

APEOs can be used as or found in: detergents, scouring agents, spinning oils, wetting agents, softeners, emulsifier/dispersing agents for dyes and printing formulations, impregnating agents, de-gumming agents / auxiliaries for silk production, dyes and pigment preparations, polyester padding and down/feather fillings.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Nonylphenol (NP),	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 100 mg/kg	ISO 21084
mixed isomers	including 104-40-5	Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 100 mg/kg	
	11066-49-2 25154-52-3 84852-15-3	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 100 mg/kg	
Nonylphenol Mu	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 18254
ethoxylates (NPEO)	including 9016-45-9 26027-38-3 37205-87-1 68412-54-4 127087-87-0	Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Octylphenol (OP) ,	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 100 mg/kg	ISO 21084
mixed isomers	including 140-66-9	Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 100 mg/kg	
	1806-26-4 27193-28-8	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 100 mg/kg	
Octylphenol	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 18254
ethoxylates (OPEO)	including 9002-93-1	Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
	9002-93-1 9036-19-5 68987-90-6	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	

### 1B. Anti-microbials and Biocides

Potential Uses

These chemicals have antimicrobial properties, which can be used to preserve formulations, preserve articles to which they are intentionally applied, or provide customers with benefits like odour control or insect repellency.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Dimethylfumarate (DMFu)	624-49-7	Textile	No intentional use	10 mg/kg	ISO 16186:2021
		Leather	No intentional use	10 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	10 mg/kg	

### 1B. Anti-microbials and Biocides

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
O-Phenylphenol	90-43-7	Textile	No intentional use	5000 mg/kg	ISO 22992-1 (Textile),
(+salts)		Leather	Use is permitted for chemical preservation for transportation and storage of raw hides and tanned semifinished products (wet-white, wet-blue). Chemical preservation of coated or uncoated finished leather shall not be permitted.		EN 17134 ISO 13365-1 (Leather)
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable	Not applicable	

Notes: The use of O-Phenylphenol (+salts) is permitted as an 'in-can preservative' in leather chemical formulations under BPR PT6 up to the formulation limit of 5000 mg/kg

Permethrin	nethrin 52645-53-1	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg (Exemption for mentioned processes)	Solvent extraction, LC MS GC MS
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg (Exemption for mentioned processes)	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg (Exemption for mentioned processes)	

Note: In many situations, deliberate use is not permitted. However, it should be noted that, Permethrin is approved for use on wool curtains, carpets, rugs and floor coverings under BPR PT 18. Permethrin is permitted for usage in personal protective equipment (PPE) (EU 2016/425, EPA registered product, APVMA registered product, PMRA registered product, etc.). Additionally, it is sometimes only allowed for specific purposes, such as military ones. All efforts should be made to maximise the chemical finish durability and to minimise losses to the environment.

### 1B. Anti-microbials and Biocides

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Triclosan	3380-34-5	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, LC MS, DAD
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	ISO 22992-2
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	

### 1C. Chlorinated Paraffins

Potential Uses

These are occasionally used as flame retardants and PVC additives in certain industries. These are also used as fat liquoring agents in leather processing.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Short-chain	85535-84-8	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	ISO 22818:2021
Chlorinated Paraffins (SCCPs)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
(C10-C13)		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Medium-chain	85535-85-9	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	ISO 22818:2021
Chlorinated Paraffins (MCCPs) (C14-C17)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	

# 1D. Chlorobenzenes and Chlorotoluenes

Potential Uses

Chlorobenzenes and chlorotoluenes (chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons) can be used as carriers in the dyeing process of polyester or wool/polyester fibres. They can also be used as solvents. Additionally, they can be found in colourants and specialty chemicals as an impurity.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	Textile	No intentional use	500 mg/kg	EN 17137
		Leather	No intentional use	500 mg/kg	Confirmation analysis may be required to avoid false
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	500 mg/kg	positives.

### 1D. Chlorobenzenes and Chlorotoluenes

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Other isomers of mono-, di-, tri-, tetra-, penta- and hexa- 108-90-7 Chlorobenzene and mono-, di-, tri-, tetra- and penta- 87-61-6 chlorotoluene 120-82-1 108-70-3	including 108-90-7 541-73-1	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 200 mg/kg Tetrachlorotoluene and Trichlorotoluene 10 mg/kg each	EN 17137 Confirmation analysis may be required to avoid false positives.
	87-61-6 120-82-1	Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 200 mg/kg Tetrachlorotoluene and Trichlorotoluene 10 mg/kg each	
	120-82-1 108-70-3	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 200 mg/kg Tetrachlorotoluene and Trichlorotoluene 10 mg/kg each	

# 1E. Chlorophenols

Chlorophenols are polychlorinated compounds used as preservatives or pesticides. Pentachlorophenol (PCP) and tetrachlorophenol (TeCP) have been used in the past to prevent mould when storing/ transporting, raw hides and leather. They are now regulated and should not be used.

Note on Testing
If monochlorophenols or dichlorophenols are identified in a sample prepared for evaluation of Chlorophenols using KOH extraction, the results should be confirmed in accordance with Annex C of DIN-50009.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
2-Chlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	95-57-8	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS DIN 50009:2021 or
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	

# 1E. Chlorophenols

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
3-Chlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	108-43-0	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
4-Chlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	106-48-9	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
2,3-Dichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	576-24-9	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
2,4-Dichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	120-83-2	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	<u> </u>
2,5-Dichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	583-78-8	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
2,6-Dichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	87-65-0	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
3,4-Dichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	95-77-2	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	_ LIN 130 17070

# 1E. Chlorophenols

Substance  3,5-Dichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	CASNO 591-35-5	Applicability  Textile  Leather  Polymers	Supplier Guidance  No intentional use  No intentional use	Formulation Limit  Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
·	591-35-5	Leather		Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
			No intentional use		
		Polymers		Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
4		(R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
2,3,4-Trichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	15950-66-0	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
2,3,5-Trichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	933-78-8	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	EN 130 17070
2,3,6-Trichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	933-75-5	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	95-95-4	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	88-06-2	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	
3,4,5-Trichlorophenol <sup>1</sup>	609-19-8	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (1) = 50 mg/kg	LIVIJO 17070

# 1E. Chlorophenols

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophe	4901-51-3	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (2) = 15 mg/kg	GC-MS
nol <sup>2</sup>		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (2) = 15 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (2) = 15 mg/kg	
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophe	58-90-2	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (2) = 15 mg/kg	GC-MS
nol <sup>2</sup>		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (2) = 15 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (2) = 15 mg/kg	
2,3,5,6-Tetrachlorophe	935-95-5	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (2) = 15 mg/kg	GC-MS
nol <sup>2</sup>		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (2) = 15 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (2) = 15 mg/kg	EN ISO 17070
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	Textile	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	GC-MS
(PCP)		Leather	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	DIN 50009:2021 or EN ISO 17070
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	

## 1F. Dyes - Allergenic Disperse Dyes

Potential Uses

Disperse dyes are a class of water- insoluble dyes that penetrate the fibre system of synthetic or manufactured fibres and are held in place by physical forces without forming chemical bonds. Disperse dyes are used in synthetic fibre dyeing (e.g. polyester, acetate, polyamide). Restricted disperse dyes are suspected of causing allergic reactions and should no longer be used for dyeing of textiles.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
C.I. Disperse Blue 7	3179-90-6	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		

# 1F. Dyes - Allergenic Disperse Dyes

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
C.I. Disperse Blue 26	3860-63-7	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Blue 35	12222-75-2	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
	56524-77-7	Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Blue 102	12222-97-8	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Blue 106	12223-01-7	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Blue 124	61951-51-7	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Brown 1	23355-64-8	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Orange 1	2581-69-3	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Orange 3	730-40-5	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		

1F. Dyes - Allerge					
Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
C.I. Disperse Orange	13301-61-6	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
37/59/76		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Red 1	2872-52-8	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Red 11	2872-48-2	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Red 17	3179-89-3	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Yellow 1	119-15-3	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Yellow 3	2832-40-8	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
Note: In addition to hav	ving skin sensitisir		C.I. Disperse Yellow 3 is	suspected to be carcir	nogenic.
C.I. Disperse Yellow 9	6373-73-5	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		

# 1F. Dyes - Allergenic Disperse Dyes

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
C.I. Disperse Yellow 39	12236-29-2	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Yellow 49	54824-37-2	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		

# 1G. Dyes – Carcinogenic or Equivalent Concern

Most of these substances are regulated and should no longer be used for dyeing of textiles and leather.
For some dyes, it is not possible to directly detect the dye and it must be done by indirect methods as explained in the DIN standard.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
C.I. Acid Red 26	3761-53-3	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Acid Violet 49	1694-09-3	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Basic Blue 26	2580-56-5	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
(with Michler's Ketone > 0.1%)		Leather	Not Applicable		If the dye is detected, then
3.170)		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		check for the presence of Michler's ketone which is the non-conformance issue.
C.I. Basic Green 4	569-64-2	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
(Malachite Green Chloride)		Leather	Not Applicable		
Cilioriucy		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		

# 1G. Dyes – Carcinogenic or Equivalent Concern

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
C.I. Basic Green 4	2437-29-8	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
Malachite Green Oxalate)		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Basic Green 4	10309-95-2	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
(Malachite Green)		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Basic Green 4 leuco	129-73-7	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
oase		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Basic Red 9	569-61-9	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Basic Violet 14	632-99-5	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Basic violet 3	548-62-9	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
(with Michler's Ketone > 0.1%)		Leather	Not Applicable		If the dye is detected, then
,		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		check for the presence of Michler's ketone which is the non-conformance issue.
C.I. Direct Black 38	1937-37-7	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Direct Blue 6	2602-46-2	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		

# 1G. Dyes – Carcinogenic or Equivalent Concern

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
C.I. Direct Red 28	573-58-0	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Blue 1	2475-45-8	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Blue 3	2475-46-9	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		
C.I. Disperse Orange 11	82-28-0	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	DIN 54231
		Leather	Not Applicable		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable		

### 1H. Flame Retardants

Potential Uses

 $Flame\ retardant\ chemicals\ are\ deliberately\ applied\ to\ meet\ legal\ and\ contractual\ flammability\ standards.$ 

The use of the flame retardants listed below, or any halogenated flame retardant, is not permitted (for fashion, sport or outdoor clothing and apparel and home textiles)

It should be noted that there may be certain critical (technical textile) end uses where legally or contractually mandated standards may only be achieved using these substances (e.g. military, medical, protective clothing, transportation). The formulations will always be deemed ZDHC MRSL NON-CONFORMANT and it is intended that the ZDHC Supplier Platform will appraise the end uses of any flame retardants within an inventory.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
2,2-Bis (bromomethyl)	Textile  Leather  Polymers (R,F,A)	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
-1,3-propanediol (BBMP)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
(DDWII)		No intentional use	250 mg/kg		

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Bis	5412-25-9	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate (BDBPP)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Boric acid	10043-35-3,	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Methanol extraction, ICP
	11113-50-1	Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Decabromobiphenyl	13654-09-6	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
(DecaBB)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Decabromodiphenyl	1163-19-5	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
ether (DecaBDE)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Diboron trioxide	1303-86-2	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Methanol extraction, ICP
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Dibromobiphenyls	Multiple	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
(DiBB)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Disodium octaborate	12008-41-2	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Methanol extraction, ICP
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Disodium tetraborate,	1303-96-4,	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Methanol extraction, ICP
anhydrous	1330-43-4	Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Heptabromodiphenyl	68928-80-3	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
ether (HeptaBDE)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Hexabromocyclodecan	3194-55-6	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
e (HBCDD)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Hexabromodiphenyl	36483-60-0	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
ether (HexaBDE)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Monobromobiphenyls	Multiple	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
MonoBB)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Monobromodiphenyl	Multiple	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
ether (MonoBDEs)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Nonabromobiphenyls	Multiple	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
(NonaBB)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Nonabromodiphenyl	63936-56-1	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
ether (NonaBDE)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Octabromobiphenyls	Multiple	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
(OctaBB)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Octabromodiphenyl	32536-52-0	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
ether (OctaBDE)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Pentabromodiphenyl	32534-81-9	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
ether (PentaBDE)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Tetraboron disodium	12267-73-1	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Methanol extraction, ICP
heptaoxide, hydrate		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Tetrabromobisphenol	79-94-7	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
A (TBBPA)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Tetrabromobisphenol	21850-44-2	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
A bis (2 3-dibromopropyl		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
(2,3-dibromopropyl ether)		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Tetrabromodiphenyl	40088-47-9	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
ether (TetraBDE)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Tri-o-cresyl phosphate	78-30-8	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Tribromodiphenyl	Multiple	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
ethers (TriBDEs)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Trimethyl phosphate	512-56-1	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Tris (1-aziridinyl)	545-55-1	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
phosphine oxide (TEPA)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Tris (1,3-dichloro-	13674-87-8	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
isopropyl) phosphate (TDCP)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
(IDCF)		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Tris	13674-84-5	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
(2-chloro-1-methylethyl		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
) phosphate (TCPP)		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Tris (2-chloroethyl)	115-96-8	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
phosphate (TCEP)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Tris	126-72-7	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
(2,3,-dibromopropyl) phosphate (TRIS)		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
priospriate (TNIS)		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	
Trixylyl phosphate (TXP)	25155-23-1	Textile	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	and/or LC-MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	250 mg/kg	

# 1I. Glycols / Glycol Ethers

Potential Uses

In apparel and footwear, glycol ethers / glycol esters have a wide range of uses including as solvents for finishing/cleaning, printing agents and dissolving and diluting fats, oils and adhesives (e.g. in degreasing or cleaning operations).

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
2-Ethoxyethanol	110-80-5	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	LC-MS, GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
2-Ethoxyethyl acetate	111-15-9	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	LC-MS, GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	

# 1I. Glycols / Glycol Ethers

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	LC-MS, GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
2-Methoxyethyl acetate	110-49-6	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	LC-MS, GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
2-Methoxypropanol	1589-47-5	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	LC-MS, GC-MS
		Leather	SEE CANDIDATE LIST	SEE CANDIDATE LIST	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
2-Methoxypropyl	70657-70-4	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	LC-MS, GC-MS
acetate		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg, 1000 mg/kg (Finishing formulations)	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
Bis (2-methoxyethyl)	111-96-6	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	LC-MS, GC-MS
ether		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
Ethylene glycol	110-71-4	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	LC-MS, GC-MS
dimethyl ether		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
Triethylene glycol	112-49-2	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	LC-MS, GC-MS
dimethyl ether		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	

### 1J. Halogenated Solvents

Potential Uses

In apparel and footwear, halogenated solvents are used as finishing/ cleaning and printing agents, for dissolving/ diluting fats, oils and adhesives (e.g. in degreasing or cleaning operations).

Formulations containing any of the listed solvents above the published limits are NON CONFORMANT with the ZDHC MRSL. Despite the advancement of water-based systems, there are a small number of solvent-based systems that remain the most prevalent in the industry and ZDHC recognises that it will take time to phase these out completely.

ZDHC guidance is to avoid the deliberate use of listed solvents wherever possible, with a transition to water-based formulations being preferable, and to ensure that worker exposure and emissions are minimised.

It is intended that the ZDHC Supplier Platform will assess the implementation of best practices for emission and exposure control as well as the usage of water-based formulations at a facility.

Note: There are some solvent-based technologies that are generally regarded as having lower overall environmental impacts than aqueous alternatives (e.g. solvent scouring) and every specific scenario will be judged on its merits through the ZDHC Supplier Platform.

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Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	Textile	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	GC- MS
		Leather	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
Benzyl chloride	100-44-7	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg and 100 mg/kg for dyes	GC-MS with confirmatory LC-MS in the event of a positive
		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg and 100 mg/kg for dyes	detection
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg and 100 mg/kg for dyes	
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	Textile	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	Textile	No intentional use / EC* (Closed-loop solvent scouring)	5 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
EC* - Emission and Exp	oosure Controls be	st practices are in	place		
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	Textile	No intentional use	40 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	40 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	40 mg/kg	

### 1K. Organic Solvents

Potential Uses

In apparel and footwear, VOCs / solvents are used in processes such as coatings and glues/adhesives.

Formulations containing any of the listed solvents above the published limits are NON CONFORMANT with the ZDHC MRSL. Despite the advancement of water-based systems, there are a small number of solvent-based systems that remain the most prevalent in the industry and ZDHC recognises that it will take time to phase these out completely.

phase these out completely.

ZDHC guidance is to avoid the deliberate use of listed solvents wherever possible, with a transition to water-based formulations being preferable, and to ensure that worker exposure and emissions are minimised.

It is intended that the ZDHC Supplier Platform will assess the implementation of best practices for emission and exposure control as well as the usage of water-

It is intended that the ZDHC Supplier Platform will assess the implementation of best practices for emission and exposure control as well as the usage of water-based formulations at a facility.

Note: There are some solvent-based technologies that are generally regarded as having lower overall environmental impacts than aqueous alternatives (e.g. solvent scouring) and every specific scenario will be judged in its merits through the ZDHC Supplier Platform.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Benzene	71-43-2	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
Cresol (all isomers)	1319-77-3	Textile	No intentional use	500 mg/kg	GC-MS
o-Cresol m-Cresol	95-48-7 108-39-4	Leather	No intentional use	500 mg/kg	
p-Cresol	106-44-5	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	500 mg/kg	
N,N- 127- dimethylacetamide (DMAC)	127-19-5	Textile	No intentional use / EC* (Solvent based PU coating)	1000 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use / EC* (Solvent based PU coating)	1000 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use / EC* (Solvent based PU coating)	1000 mg/kg	
EC* - Emission and Ex	posure Controls be	est practices are in	place		
N,N- Dimethylformamide (DMFa)	68-12-2	Textile	No intentional use / EC* (Solvent based PU coating)	1000 mg/kg	GC-MS, ISO/TS 16189
		Leather	No intentional use / EC* (Solvent based PU coating)	1000 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use / EC* (Solvent based PU coating)	1000 mg/kg	

EC\* - Emission and Exposure Controls best practices are in place

### 1K. Organic Solvents Substance CASNO Applicability Supplier Guidance Formulation Limit General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals N-Ethyl-2 pyrrolidone 2687-91-4 No intentional use / 1000 mg/kg GC-MS Textile (NEP) EC\* (Solvent based PU coating) Leather No intentional use / 1000 mg/kg EC\* (Solvent based PU coating) No intentional use / 1000 mg/kg **Polymers** (R,F,A)EC\* (Solvent based PU coating) EC\* - Emission and Exposure Controls best practices are in place 1000 mg/kg N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone 872-50-4 Textile No intentional use / GC-MS, (NMP) EC\* (Solvent based ISO 19070 (GC-MS) PU coating) No intentional use / 1000 mg/kg Leather EC\* (Solvent based PU coating) **Polymers** No intentional use / 1000 mg/kg (R,F,A)EC\* (Solvent based PU coating) EC\* - Emission and Exposure Controls best practices are in place Toluene 108-88-3 Textile No intentional use / 500 mg/kg GC-MS EC\* (Solvent based PU coating) Leather No intentional use / 500 mg/kg EC\* (Solvent based PU coating) **Polymers** No intentional use / 500 mg/kg EC\* (Solvent based (R,F,A)PU coating) EC\* - Emission and Exposure Controls best practices are in place

### 1K. Organic Solvents

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Xylene (all isomers) o-Xylene m-Xylene	1330-20-7 95-47-6	Textile	No intentional use / EC* (Coating)	500 mg/kg	GC-MS
p-Xylene		Leather	No intentional use / EC* (Coating)	500 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use / EC* (Coating)	500 mg/kg	

EC\* - Emission and Exposure Controls best practices are in place

# 1L. Organotin Compounds

### Potential Uses

Organotins are a class of chemicals combining tin and organics such as butyl and phenyl groups. Organotins are predominantly found in the environment as antifoulants in marine paints, but they can also be used as biocides (e.g. antibacterials), catalysts in plastic and glue production and heat stabilisers in plastics/rubber. In textiles and apparel, organotins are associated with plastics/rubber, inks, paints, metallic glitter, polyurethane products and heat transfer material.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Dibutyltin (DBT) Multiple, including 683-18-1	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	20 mg/kg	Solvent extraction,
	0	Leather	No intentional use	20 mg/kg (*EXCEPTION - 100 mg/kg for Polyurethane based thickeners - See notes below)	GC MS, ISO TS 16179, ISO 22744-1
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	20 mg/kg	

<sup>\*</sup> In order to be able to optimise performance characteristics of some leather finishes, it is sometimes desirable to use PU thickeners and create formulations on-site rather than purchasing pre-mixed formulations from chemical suppliers. In these instances, there is a more lenient limit of DBT for the thickeners themselves, but the thickeners must not be used in quantities >20% in tailored formulations.

# 1L. Organotin Compounds

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Dipropyltin compounds		Textile	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC MS, ISO
(DPT)	including 867-36-7	Leather	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	TS 16179
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
Mono- and tri- butyltin	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC MS, ISO
derivatives	including 1118-46-3	Leather	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	TS 16179
	1461-22-9	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
Mono-, di- and tri-	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC MS, ISO
methyltin derivatives	including 993-16-8	Leather	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	TS 16179
	753-73-1 1066-45-1	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
Mono-, di- and tri-	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC MS, ISO
octyltin derivatives	including 3091-25-6 3542-36-7 2587-76-0	Leather	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	TS 16179
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
Mono-, di- and tri-	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC MS, ISC TS 16179
phenyltin derivatives	including 1124-19-2 1135-99-5 639-58-7	Leather	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	5 mg/kg	
Tetrabutyltin	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC MS, ISO
compounds (TeBT)	including 1461-25-2	Leather	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	TS 16179
	<b></b>	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	
Tetraethyltin	Multiple,	Textile	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC MS, ISO
compounds (TeET)	including 597-64-8	Leather	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	TS 16179 Fails must be repeated withou
	ɔy/-७4-४	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	derivatization, as a derivatization of any ethyl-tin- compound gives always TeET

#### 1L. Organotin Compounds

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
compounds (TeOT) ind	Multiple	Textile	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC MS, ISO
	including 3590-84-9	Leather	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	TS 16179
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	
Tricyclohexyltin	Multiple including 3091-32-5	Textile	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC MS, ISO TS 16179
(TCyHT)		Leather	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	
Tripropyltin	Multiple	Textile	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, GC MS, ISO TS 16179
Compounds (TPT)	including 2279-76-7	Leather	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	
	22/3-/0-/	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1 mg/kg	

#### 1M. Other/Miscellaneous Chemicals

These are other chemica	als / substances / proce	ss with a usage ban.	•		
Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
(Free) Aniline	62-53-3	Textile	No intentional use	Indigo 2000 mg/kg Other dyes 500 mg/kg	Indigo - Reductive method (ISO 14362)
		Leather	No intentional use	Indigo 2000 mg/kg Other dyes 500 mg/kg	Other - Non-reductive (ISO 14362 without reductive step)
		Polymers (R,F,A)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	(See notes below)

Used in the manufacture of Indigo and some azo dyes. Residues from manufacturing can remain in the formulation. For all dyes other than indigo, it is important that non-reductive methods are used so that only the free aniline is analysed rather than that which could be formed by the cleavage of a dye molecule. For indigo, aniline can be tied up in insoluble clusters of dye and so a reductive method that fully solubilises the dye and liberates free aniline is used. The levels of aniline in indigo must be achieved by removal of the aniline and not by dilution, with a minimum indigo content of 30% being required.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
2- (2-Aminoethylamino	) 111-41-1	Textile	No intentional use	100 mg/kg	Solvent extraction,
ethanol (AEEA)		Leather	No intentional use	100 mg/kg	LC MS/MS or GC-MS (Substance is not stable in
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	100 mg/kg	aqueous matrices or solutions
AEEA is used in chelati	ng agents, surfacta	ants and fabric sof	teners.		
Bisphenol A (BPA)	80-05-7	Textile	No intentional use	100 mg / kg	Solvent extraction,
		Leather	No intentional use	100 mg / kg	LC MS/MS, GC MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No restriction	No restriction	
Bisphenol A (BPA) is a harden plastics.					
narden plastics.	1222 07 6	Toytila	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	Acid digastion ICP
narden plastics.	1332-07-6	Textile	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP
	1332-07-6	Textile Leather Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use No intentional use No intentional use	1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP
narden plastics. Borate, zinc salt		Leather Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP
orate, zinc salt	e used as a flame r	Leather Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP  TEGEWA method, Chloroform
orate, zinc salt orate, zinc salt orate, zinc salt can be	e used as a flame r	Leather Polymers (R,F,A) etardant as well as	No intentional use No intentional use s in paints, pigments ar	1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg nd adhesives.	
narden plastics. Borate, zinc salt	e used as a flame r	Leather Polymers (R,F,A) etardant as well as	No intentional use No intentional use s in paints, pigments ar No intentional use	1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg and adhesives.	TEGEWA method, Chloroform
Borate, zinc salt  Borate, zinc salt can be O4 (Octamethylcyclote asiloxane)	e used as a flame r	Leather Polymers (R,F,A) etardant as well as  Textile Leather Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use No intentional use s in paints, pigments ar No intentional use No intentional use No intentional use	1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg nd adhesives.  1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg	TEGEWA method, Chloroform extraction, GC/MS
Forate, zinc salt  Forate, zinc salt  Forate, zinc salt can be  Forate, zinc salt can be	e used as a flame r t 556-67-2 present as contam	Leather Polymers (R,F,A) etardant as well as  Textile Leather Polymers (R,F,A) inants in the form	No intentional use No intentional use s in paints, pigments ar No intentional use No intentional use No intentional use ulations that contain si	1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg nd adhesives.  1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg	TEGEWA method, Chloroform extraction, GC/MS
Borate, zinc salt Borate, zinc salt can be O4 (Octamethylcyclote asiloxane)	e used as a flame r t 556-67-2 present as contam	Leather Polymers (R,F,A) etardant as well as  Textile Leather Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use No intentional use s in paints, pigments ar No intentional use No intentional use No intentional use	1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg and adhesives.  1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg	TEGEWA method, Chloroform extraction, GC/MS

	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing
D6 (Dodosamathylaria	540.07.6	Toytilo	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	Chemicals TEGEWA mothod Chloroform
D6 (Dodecamethylcyclo hexasiloxane)	) 54U-Y/-b	Textile	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	TEGEWA method, Chloroform extraction, GC/MS
		Leather	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	
Cyclic siloxane can be ု	present as contami	nants in the form	ulations that contain si	licone, such as softener	s.
Diazene-1,2-dicarboxa	123-77-3	Textile	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	LC/MS, LC/DAD
mide [C,C`-azodi (formamide) ]		Leather	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	
(ADCA)		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	
Porhoric acid codius	Multiple	Textile	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	Mothanial outraction ICD
Perboric acid, sodium salt	Multiple, including 11138-47-9 15120-21-5			1000 mg/kg	Methanol extraction, ICP
		Leather Polymers	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg	
	7632-04-04 16940-66-2 13517-20-9 125022-34-6 90568-23-3	(R,F,A)	No international asc	1000 111g/ Ng	
Quinoline	91-22-5	Textile	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	DIN 54231, LC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	
Contaminant in dispers	sing agents in dispe				
Silica (particles of respirable size)	14464-46-1	Textile	No intentional use of silica-based materials for sandblasting		Process due diligence, no tes method available
Silica (particles of	14464-46-1	Textile Leather	of silica-based materials for		Process due diligence, no tes method available

#### 1M. Other/Miscellaneous Chemicals CASNO Substance Applicability Supplier Guidance Formulation Limit General Techniques for Analysing Solvent extraction, 62-56-6 Thiourea Textile No intentional use 1000 mg/kg LC MS/MS, Leather No intentional use 1000 mg/kg LC-DAD MS Polymers No intentional use 1000 mg/kg (R,F,A)

In several formulations, thiourea is used to improve solubility. It can be used as a cross-linker.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Titanium Dioxide	of solid mixtures of TiO2 in powder form where >1% diameter ≤ 10 (w/w) of TiO2 particles have aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm.  Leather  No intentional use of solid mixtures of TiO2 in powder form where >1% diameter ≤ 10 (w/w) of TiO2 in powder form where >1% diameter ≤ 10 (w/w) of TiO2 particles have aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 (w/w) of TiO2 particles have aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm.  where >1% diameter ≤ 10 (Liquid mixtures of particles have aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm.  diameter ≤ 10 μm.  having proper GHS/CLP containing TiO having proper GHS/CLP	aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm. (Liquid mixtures or emulsions or pastes containing TiO2, having proper	have TiO2, the formulator should provide confirmed data to demonstrate conformance with particle size requirements for TiO2.  In TiO2, roper  In TiO2, the formulator should provide confirmed data to demonstrate conformance with particle size requirements for TiO2.  In TiO2, roper  In TiO2, the formulator should provide confirmed data to demonstrate conformance with particle size requirements for TiO2.		
		of solid mixtures of TiO2 in powder form where >1% (w/w) of TiO2 particles have aerodynamic	aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm. (Liquid mixtures or emulsions or pastes containing TiO2, having proper		
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use of solid mixtures of TiO2 in powder form where >1% (w/w) of TiO2 particles have aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm.	1% (w/w) of TiO2 particles have aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm. (Liquid mixtures or emulsions or pastes containing TiO2, having proper GHS/CLP classification, are allowed for use.)	

Potential uses

Formulations containing PFAS (Per and Polyfluorinated alkylated substances) are often used for water or stain repellency.

The use of any formulation based on, or including PFAS, including those listed below, is not permitted (for fashion, sport or outdoor clothing and apparel and home textiles).

It should be noted that there may be certain critical (technical textile) end uses where legally or contractually mandated standards may only be achieved using these substances (e.g. military, medical, protective clothing, transportation). The formulations will always be deemed ZDHC MRSL NON-CONFORMANT and it is intended that the ZDHC Supplier Platform will appraise the end uses of any PFAS within an inventory.

Note on PFAS and testing: There are thousands of individual chemicals that are categorised as PFAS but only a few are actually useful in terms of oil / water repellency and their use is always accompanied by the presence of common, known 'marker' chemicals such as those listed below. ZDHC approved MRSL certifiers will check for the deliberate use of PFAS or high levels of contamination of PFAS by testing for the marker chemicals listed below and ,at their discretion, use a screening test for total fluorine (quantification limit: 50mg/kg) followed by confirmatory testing for specific series e.g. the other PFAS mentioned in the PFAS ZDHC Guidance Sheet. ZDHC approved MRSL certifier reserves the right to request or carry out test for any specific PFAS chemical using appropriate test method to check MRSL conformance.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Perfluorobutane	375-73-5	Textile	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
sulfonic acid (PFBS)		Leather	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Perfluorohexane	355-46-4	Textile	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
sulfonic acid (PFHxS)		Leather	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
Perfluorooctane	Multiple	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 2000 μg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
sulfonic acid (PFOS) and related	including 1763-23-1	Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 2000 μg/kg	
susbstances	.,,,,,	Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 2000 μg/kg	
Perfluorodecane	335-77-3	Textile	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
sulfonic acid (PFDS)		Leather	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
Perfluorobutanoic acid	375-22-4	Textile	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
(PFBA)		Leather	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA) and related substances	Multiple, including 307-24-4	Textile	No intentional use	PFHxA = 25 µg/kg PFHxA-related substances = 1000 µg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	PFHxA = 25 µg/kg PFHxA-related substances = 1000 µg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	PFHxA = 25 µg/kg PFHxA-related substances = 1000 µg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and related substances	Multiple including 335-67-1	Textile	No intentional use	PFOA = 25 µg/kg PFOA-related substances = 1000 µg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	PFOA = 25 µg/kg PFOA-related substances = 1000 µg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	PFOA = 25 μg/kg PFOA-related substances = 1000 μg/kg	
Perfluorodecanoic acid	225 76 2	Textile	No intentional use	1000 ug/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
(PFDA)	335-76-2	Leather	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg 1000 μg/kg	EC-IVIS OF GC-IVIS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
4:2 Fluorotelomer	2043-47-2	Textile	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
alcohols (4:2 FTOH)		Leather	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
6:2 Fluorotelomer	647-42-7	Textile	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
alcohols (6:2 FTOH)		Leather	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
8:2 Fluorotelomer	678-39-7	Textile	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
alcohols (8:2 FTOH)		Leather	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
	865-86-1	Textile	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	LC-MS or GC-MS
alcohols (10:2 FTOH)		Leather	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 μg/kg	

#### 10. Phthalates – including all other esters of ortho-phthalic acid

**Potential Uses** 

Esters of ortho-phthalic acid (phthalates) are a class of organic compounds commonly added to plastics to increase flexibility. They sometimes are used to facilitate moulding of plastic by decreasing its melting temperature. Phthalates can be found in:

- Flexible plastic components (e.g. PVC)
- Print pastes
- Adhesives
- Plastic buttons
- Plastic sleevings
- Polymeric coatings

All esters of ortho-phthallic acid are restricted including those listed below

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
1,2-Benzenedicarboxyli	71888-89-6	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
c acid, di- C6-8-branched and		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
linear alkyl esters, C7-rich (DIHP)		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
1,2-Benzenedicarboxyli	68515-42-4	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
c acid, di- C7-11-branched and		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
linear alkyl esters (DHNUP)		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
1,2-Benzenedicarboxyli	68515-50-4	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS ISO 14389
c acid, dihexyl ester, branched and linear		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	

#### 10. Phthalates – including all other esters of ortho-phthalic acid

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
1,2-Benzenedicarboxyli	84777-06-0	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
c acid, dipentylester, branched and linear		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Benzyl butyl phthalate	85-68-7	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
(BBP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Bis (2-methoxyethyl)	117-82-8	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
phthalate (DMEP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Di (ethylhexyl)	117-81-7	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS ISO 14389
phthalate (DEHP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Di-iso-butyl phthalate	84-69-5	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
(DIBP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Di-iso-decyl phthalate	26761-40-0	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
(DIDP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Di-iso-nonyl phthalate	28553-12-0	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
(DINP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	

#### 10. Phthalates – including all other esters of ortho-phthalic acid

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Di-iso-octyl phthalate	27554-26-3	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
(DIOP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Di-iso-pentyl	605-50-5	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
phthalates (DIPP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Di-n-hexyl phthalate	84-75-3	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
(DnHP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS ISO 14389
(DNOP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Di-n-pentyl phthalate	131-18-0	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
(DnPP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Di-n-propyl phthalate	131-16-8	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
(DPRP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Dibutyl phthalate (DBP)	84-74-2	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	

#### 10. Phthalates – including all other esters of ortho-phthalic acid

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Dicyclohexyl phthalate	84-61-7	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
(DCHP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Diethyl phthalate (DEP)	84-66-2	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Diisohexyl phthalate	71850-09-4	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
Dinonyl phthalate	84-76-4	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
(DNP)		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	
n-Pentyl-isopentyl	776297-69-9	Textile	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	GC-MS
phthalate		Leather	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	ISO 14389
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum = 250 mg/kg	

#### 1P. Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)

Potential Uses

Oil containing PAHs are added to rubber and plastics as a softener or extender and may be found in rubber, plastics, lacquers, and coatings. Within the footwear producing industry, PAHs are often found in the outsoles of footwear and in printing pastes for screen prints. PAHs can be present as impurities in carbon black dyestuffs.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing
					Chemicals

#### 1P. Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Benzo[a]pyrene (BaP)	50-32-8	Textile	No intentional use	20 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	20 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	20 mg/kg	
Naphthalene <sup>3</sup>	91-20-3	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Acenaphthene <sup>3,4</sup>	83-32-9	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Acenaphthylene <sup>3,4</sup>	208-96-8	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Anthracene <sup>3,4</sup>	120-12-7	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS AfPS GS 2019
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Benzo[a]anthracene <sup>3,4</sup>	56-55-3	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	205-99-2	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
3,4		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Benzo[e]pyrene <sup>3,4</sup>	192-97-2	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	

#### 1P. Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Benzo[ghi]perylene <sup>3,4</sup>	191-24-2	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Benzo[j]fluoranthene	205-82-3	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
5,4		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	207-08-9	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
3,4		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Chrysene <sup>3,4</sup>	218-01-9	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	53-70-3	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS AfPS GS 2019
3,4		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Fluoranthene <sup>3,4</sup>	206-44-0	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Fluorene <sup>3,4</sup>	86-73-7	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	193-39-5	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
3,4		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	

#### 1P. Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Phenanthrene <sup>3,4</sup>	85-01-8	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers No ir (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	
Pyrene <sup>3,4</sup> 129-00-0	129-00-0	Textile	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	GC-MS
		Leather	No intentional use	Sum (4) = 200 mg/kg	AfPS GS 2019
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Sum (3) = 200 mg/kg	

#### 1Q. Restricted Aromatic Amines (Cleavable from Azo-colourants)

Potential Uses

Azo dyes and pigments are colourants that incorporate one or several azo groups (-N=N-) bound with aromatic compounds. Thousands of azo dyes exist, but only those that degrade to form the listed cleavable amines are restricted. Azo dyes that release these amines are regulated and should no longer be used for dyeing of textiles or leather.

The four substances listed below highlighted with an asterisk are salts.

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
2,4-Xylidine	95-68-1	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
2,4,5-Trimethylaniline	137-17-7	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
2,6-Xylidine	87-62-7	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
3,3'-Dimethoxylbenzidi	119-90-4	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
ne		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	119-93-7	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
4-Aminoazobenzene	60-09-3	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
4-Chloro-o-toluidine	95-69-2	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
2,4-Diaminoanisol	615-05-4	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
2,4-Toluenediamine	95-80-7	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
4,4'-Methylene-bis-	101-14-4	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
(2-chloroaniline)		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
4,4'-Methylenedi-o-	838-88-0	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
toluidine		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
4,4'-Diaminodiphenylm	101-77-9	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
ethane		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
4,4'-Oxydianiline	101-80-4	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
4,4'-Thiodianiline	139-65-1	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
2-Amino-4-nitrotuluene	99-55-8	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
Benzidine	92-87-5	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
p-Cresidine	120-71-8	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
o-Aminoazotoluene	97-56-3	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
o-Anisidine	90-04-0	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
o-Toluidine	95-53-4	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
Salt of	553-00-4	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
2-Naphthylammonium		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
acetate*		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Salt of	21436-97-5	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
2,4,5-trimethylaniline hydrochloride*		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
nyurocmonae		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
Salt of 4-chloro-o-	3165-93-3	Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
toluidinium chloride*		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
Salt of 4-methoxy-m- phenylene diammonium sulphate*		Textile	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	ISO 14362
		Leather	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	150 mg/kg	

#### 1R. Total Heavy Metals

The formulation limits for As, Cd, Hg, Pb, and Cr (VI) in the list below apply to all types of formulation. When a limit for pigments is specific and differs from the general limit, it is denoted by brackets. The formulation limits for Sb, Cr, Ba, Se, Sn, Ni, Cu, Co and Ag only apply to dye and/or pigment formulations. Any differences between limits for dyes and pigments are indicated in the formulation limit column. The limits for the heavy metals do not apply to colourants containing a listed metal as an inherent compositional part (e.g. metal-complex colourants, the double salts of certain cationic colourants or extenders like barium sulfate). Wet processors must be aware of the metal limits in the ZDHC wastewater guidelines as well as the brand RSL limits with regard to extractable metals from dyed materials when using any colourant that has listed metals as an inherent compositional part. Where RSL and/or wastewater issues are observed, wet processors should discuss this with supply chain partners.

#### Potential Uses

Although typically associated with leather tanning, chromium VI also may be used in the dyeing of wool (after chroming process).

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Antimony (Sb) 7440-30	7440-36-0	Textile	No intentional use	Dye 50 mg/kg Pigment 250 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	Dye 50 mg/kg Pigment 250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Dye 50 mg/kg Pigment 250 mg/kg	

#### 1R. Total Heavy Metals

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Arsenic (As)	7440-38-2	Textile	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	50 mg/kg	
Barium (Ba)	7440-39-3	Textile	No intentional use	Dyes and Pigments 100 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	Dyes and Pigments 100 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Dyes and Pigments 100 mg/kg	
Cadmium (Cd) 7440-43-9	7440-43-9	Textile	No intentional use	20 mg/kg (50 mg/kg for pigments)	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	20 mg/kg (50 mg/kg for pigments)	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	20 mg/kg (50 mg/kg for pigments)	
Chromium (Cr)	7440-47-3	Textile	No intentional use	Dyes and Pigments 100 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	Dyes and Pigments 100 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Dyes and Pigments 100 mg/kg	
Chromium (VI)	18540-29-9	Textile	No intentional use	10 mg/kg	HPLC / DAD
		Leather	No intentional use	10 mg/kg	Ion chromatography (IC) with UV detection
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	10 mg/kg	or accession
Cobalt (Co)	7440-48-4	Textile	No intentional use	Dyes 500 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	Dyes 500 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Dyes 500 mg/kg	

#### 1R. Total Heavy Metals

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Copper (Cu)	7440-50-8	Textile	No intentional use	Dyes 250 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	Dyes 250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Dyes 250 mg/kg	
Lead (Pb)	7439-92-1	Textile	No intentional use	100 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	100 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	100 mg/kg	
Mercury (Hg)	7439-97-6	Textile	No intentional use	4 mg/kg (25 mg/kg for pigments)	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	4 mg/kg (25 mg/kg for pigments)	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	4 mg/kg (25 mg/kg for pigments)	
Nickel (Ni)	7440-02-0	Textile	No intentional use	Dyes 250 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	Dyes 250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Dyes 250 mg/kg	
Selenium (Se)	7782-49-2	Textile	No intentional use	Dyes 20 mg/kg Pigments 100 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	Dyes 20 mg/kg Pigments 100 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Dyes 20 mg/kg Pigments 100 mg/kg	
Silver (Ag)	7440-22-4	Textile	No intentional use	Dyes 100 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	Dyes 100 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Dyes 100 mg/kg	

#### 1R. Total Heavy Metals

Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
Tin (Sn)	7440-31-5	Textile	No intentional use	Dyes 250 mg/kg	Acid digestion, ICP/AAS
		Leather	No intentional use	Dyes 250 mg/kg	
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	Dyes 250 mg/kg	

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Potential Uses To make the formulations s	table to the effects (	of UV light or sunligh	t, UV absorbers are used.		
Substance	CASNO	Applicability	Supplier Guidance	Formulation Limit	General Techniques for Analysing Chemicals
2-Benzotriazol-2-yl-4,6-	3846-71-7	Textile	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	Solvent extraction,
di-tert-butylphenol (UV-320)		Leather	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	LC MS/MS, GC MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	
2,4-Di-tert-butyl-6- (5-c hlorobenzotriazole-2-yl ) phenol (UV-327)	3864-99-1	Textile	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	Solvent extraction,
		Leather	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	LC MS/MS, GC MS
		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	
2- (2H-	25973-55-1	Textile	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	Solvent extraction, LC MS/MS,
benzotriazol-2-yl) -4,6-ditertpentylphenol		Leather	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	GC MS
(UV-328)		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	
2- (2H-	36437-37-3	Textile	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	Solvent extraction,
benzotriazol-2-yl) -4- (tert-butyl) -6- (sec-		Leather	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	LC MS/MS, GC MS
butyl) phenol (UV-350)		Polymers (R,F,A)	No intentional use	1000 mg/kg	

#### 2A. Bisphenols

Substance	CASNO	Intent
Bisphenol AF Bisphenol F Bisphenol S	1478-61-1 620-92-8 80-09-1	Numerous bisphenols, including those listed, are under investigation; based on the information available and their legal status, they may be added to the main list of ZDHC MRSL version 4.0 in the future.

#### 2B. Ethoxylated Tallow Amine

Substance	CASNO	Intent					
Polyethoxylated tallow amine	61791-26-2	More in		equired on	specific substance	O	•
arrine		to	make	a	jugment	on	restrictions

#### 2C. Formaldehyde

Potential Uses Formaldehyde can be u	Potential Uses Formaldehyde can be used or present in many types of formulations such as fixatives, resins and binders.					
Substance	CASNO	Intent				

#### Formaldehyde 50-00-0

Where formulations that contain formaldehyde are used, it is expected that appropriate exposure and emission controls are employed.

In version 4 of the ZDHC MRSL, it is intended to introduce a maximum allowable limit of 250 mg/kg formaldehyde for the majority of formulations and appropriate test methods for leather and textile formulations will need to be determined.

For formulations that are known to contain formaldehyde at higher levels but represent state-of-the-art technology, such as non-iron and easy to iron finish formulations or reactive organic / resin tanning agents, it is intended to introduce a limit of 1000 mg/kg in conformance with hazard labelling obligations.

# Potential Uses Phenol is not deliberately used in textiles or footwear but trace amounts of phenol can be found in many chemical formulations. Substance CASNO Intent Phenol 108-95-2 ZDHC is looking for safe limits for phenol as a contaminant in textile chemical formulations.

#### 2E. Potassium Permanganate

Potential Uses

Potassium Permanganate is primarily used for localised bleaching of denim using a spraying process.

Substance

CASNO

Intent

Potassium permanganate

7722-64-7

Potassium permangante must never be used without appropriate engineering controls (such as water curtains and localised extraction) and workers must always use appropriate personal protective equipment. Suppliers are strongly encouraged to evaluate alternatives to manual spraying of potassium permanganate - such as lasers, robotised spraying or safer chemical alternatives

#### 2F. Solvents

Potential Uses

There are many uses of solvents including cleaning, coatings, prints.

Many solvents are restricted in the main list of the ZDHC MRSL. It is strongly advised that suppliers actively seek safer alternatives to the solvents listed in the candidate list as these may be placed on the main list in future versions of the ZDHC MRSL.

Substance	CASNO	Intent
2-Methoxypropanol	1589-47-5	It is intended to introduce a limit for leather formulations in the ZDHC MRSL version 4.
Methanol	67-56-1	Methanol is a concern because of its toxicity and in ZDHC MRSL version 4.0 it is intended to introduce maximum allowable limits and encourage substitution by safer solvents, which in many cases will be ethanol. However, we are aware that human consumption of industrial ethanol can be a problem and there is a requirement in some jurisdictions for industrial ethanol to be deliberately 'tainted' with methanol to make it undrinkable. This will need to be considered as we draw up recommendations.

## 2G. Total Heavy Metals Potential Uses In addition to being used in dyes and pigments, metals are used as raw material for trims and other components. CASNO Intent Multiple Metals (Non-Studies on usage patterns of metal containing chemicals and formulations and dye /pigment) the potential effect of restrictions are will be monitored on an on-going basis and additions made to the main list appropriate. ZDHC Manufacturing Restricted Substances List (ZDHC MRSL)

#### 3A. Dyes - Carcinogenic or Equivalent Concern

Potential Uses

Most of these substances are regulated and should no longer be used for the dyeing of textiles.

Substance CASNO Supplier Guidance

C.I. Solvent Yellow 14 842-07-9 No intentional use

C.I. Solvent Yellow 2 60-11-7 No intentional use

D&C Red No. 19 81-88-9 No intentional use

#### 3B. Dyes - Navy Blue Colourant

Potential Uses

Navy Blue Colourant is regulated and should no longer be used for the dyeing of textiles.

Substance CASNO Supplier Guidance

Component 1: C39H23 118685-33-9 No intentional use

ClCrN7O12S.2Na

CrN10020S2.3Na

Component 2: C46H30 Not allocated

No intentional use

#### 3C. Other/Miscellaneous chemicals

Potential Uses

Dye

Substance CASNO Supplier Guidance

Auramine 2465-27-2 No intentional use

### 3D. Solvents

hydrochloride

Potential Uses

In the past, it was used to make several types of polymers, resins and textiles, but its use is now highly restricted.

Substance CASNO Supplier Guidance

# Substance CASNO Supplier Guidance Bis (chloromethyl) 542-88-1 No intentional use ether

3D. Solvents